AISEVAK.IN · FREE GUIDE

Pharmacovigilance & ADR Reporting

Pharmacy & Chemist Retail

Document type: Plan / SOP / strategy / guide · Generated 29 Aug 2026

This guide explains what the tool produces, how to use the output, and what to watch for. The actual output (draft/report) is generated on the tool page.

Background

Produces a pharmacovigilance plan for a pharmacy — recognising and reporting adverse drug reactions (ADRs), the PvPI reporting channel, patient counselling and record-keeping. Use it to contribute to drug safety. For patient counselling use the Patient Counselling tool (P7).

Purpose of this tool & output

Report adverse drug reactions responsibly

How the output is used

Use it to report adverse drug reactions responsibly — how to record and report ADRs to the pharmacovigilance programme (PvPI).

Important cautions

Pharmacists play a key role in drug safety — recognise adverse drug reactions, advise patients to seek medical care (do not diagnose), and report ADRs to the Pharmacovigilance Programme of India (PvPI). Report suspected quality/therapeutic-failure issues too. This is a safety-contribution role; clinical management is for doctors.

Companion documents

- Drug Law Compliance Guide
- Schedule H1 & Antibiotic Stewardship
- DPCO Price Control Compliance
- Spurious & NSQ Drug Prevention
- Cold Chain Compliance & Documentation
- Drug Inspection Readiness Tool

This is AI-assisted guidance. Verify with a qualified professional before any binding decision. Fees, authorities and processes vary by state and change over time — confirm with your state authority.